

# Annual Report20112222322

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# Shire Presidents Report

I am pleased to report another successful year for the Shire of Meekatharra. Our staff and contractors have completed some relatively large projects whilst managing to keep up with the many compliance tasks and maintain sound governance and management processes.

In particular, the new Integrated Planning regulations have placed considerable obligations on Council to undertake the complex and rigorous requirements of this legislation. It is pleasing that our staff and consultants are progressing well with these tasks. Council has approved a draft Strategic Community Plan which is now undergoing a final period of public comment.

In accordance with the Local Government Act 1995, Council engaged an independent accountant to undertake a full financial management review of Council's operations. This review indicated that Council's financial management processes are compliant and sound.

Thanks to Deputy Shire President, Cr Norm Trenfield for his support and assistance during the year. Also thanks to my fellow Councillors for their dedication and hard work during the year.

The valuable contribution of Royalties for Regions funding towards the ongoing upgrade and sealing of Landor Road is acknowledged and appreciated.

Council processed and approved the lease of Council owned land within the Meekatharra town site to Doray Minerals Limited for the development of a 126 room accommodation facility. Council also approved the Development Application for the facility. Doray intend to contribute to, and use, the facilities available in town, making this an exciting prospect for future social and recreational programs in Meekatharra.

My thanks also go to our Chief Executive Officer, Roy McClymont for his management of our day to day tasks and functions. We are fortunate that Roy and his team continue to maintain sound governance and management processes.

Council maintains a sound overall financial position with no debt and adequate cash reserves.

Tom Hutchinson Shire President





# Chief Executive Officers Report

Thanks go to all our staff and contractors for their dedication, hard work and assistance during the year.

My sincere thanks to Shire President, Tom Hutchinson for his ongoing support and encouragement. Thanks also to all our Shire Councillors for their support and hard work during the year.

A special note of appreciation and gratitude goes to my two Managers; Krys East, Corporate and Development Services Manager and John Dyer, Works and Services Manager – thank you for your commitment, support and loyalty during the year.

Major road and infrastructure works included the Airport Road realignment (\$383,291), Landor Road upgrading and sealing (\$1,680,786), Mt Clere Road construction (\$424,763) and Sandstone Road construction (\$438,310). Royalties for Regions

Massive storms and cyclone related flooding in the previous year resulted in severe flood damage to most the Shires roads. The Shire made successful applications for funding under the Natural Disaster Relief and Recovery Arrangements. Approval was given for funding up \$10,500,000. Contractors commenced the reinstatement works in October 2011.

The Shires Youth and Recreation programs continue to be a great success and were enhanced with the purchase of new equipment for the music and other programs.

Airport landing fees and building application fees increased significantly during the year – an indication of increasing economic activity in the Shire.

The Shires plant and equipment continues to be well maintained and replaced on a regular scheduled basis and this year included the replacement of a prime mover truck, multi tyred roller and front end loader

Congratulations to the Festival Management Committee and the Meeka Goes Green committee on receiving special commendations from the Tidy Towns Competition judges.

Roy McClymont Chief Executive Officer



# Disability Access and Inclusion Plan

The *disability Services Act 1993* was amended in December 2004, creating a requirement for public authorities to develop and implement Disability Access and Inclusion Plans (DAIPs). These plans had to be fully developed by July 2007, and replaced and built on the achievements of Disability Service Plans (DSPs).

Council adopted a DAIP in June 2007 for implementation in July 2007. This was reviewed and the reviewed DAIP was adopted at the July 2012 meeting. Council is required to report on our present activities as they relate to the six desired DAIP outcomes.

- 1. Council is continually adapting our existing services to give people with disabilities the same opportunities as other people to access the services of, and any events organized by the Shire.
- 2. Council ensures that new buildings and footpath infrastructure are both wheelchair and gopher accessible.
- 3. Wherever possible people with disabilities can receive information from the Shire in a format that will enable them to access the information as readily as other people are able to access it.
- 4. Staff is always encouraged to be aware of the need of people with disabilities to ensure they receive the same level and quality of service as other people receive. We are also working with our contractors to ensure they are aware of their responsibilities.
- 5. People with disabilities have the same opportunities as other people to make complaints to the staff, this can be via written letters, email or verbally.
- 6. Council provides many ways for people to participate in public consultation and we are more than happy to discuss any grievances community members may have regarding the services available to the disabled.



The *State Records Act 2000* requires that the Shire maintains and disposes of all records in the prescribed manner. An organisation and its employees must comply with the organisations record keeping plan. Organisations should develop and implement strategies for ensuring that each employee is aware of the compliance responsibilities.

The record keeping plan is to provide evidence to adduce that:

- 1. The efficiency and effectiveness of the organisations record keeping system is evaluated not less than once every 5 years.
- 2. The organisation conducts a record keeping training program.
- 3. The efficiency and effectiveness of the record keeping training program is reviewed from time to time.
- 4. The organisations induction program address employee roles and responsibilities in regard to their compliance with the organisations record keeping plan.





# National Competition Policy

In resects to Councils responsibilities in relation to National Competition Policy, the Shire reports the following:

- 1. Council does not undertake any business enterprises that are classified by the Australian Bureau of Statistics as either a Public Trading Enterprise or Public Financial Enterprise.
- 2. Competitive neutrality has not been applied to any activities undertaken by the Shire in this reporting period and no allegations of non-compliance with competitive neutrality principals have been made by any private entity.
- 3. The principals of competitive neutrality were implemented in respect of any relevant activity undertaken during the 2011/12 financial year.

# Freedom of Information

Part 5 of the *Freedom of Information Act 1992* requires an agency such as Local Governments to prepare and publish an information statement. The Shire of Meekatharra has produced an Information Statement which can be inspected via Councils website or by contacting the Shire Office.

The information statement contains information on the type of documents available to the public and how to access those documents.

# Public Interest Disclosures

The *Public Interest Disclosure Act 2003* facilitates the disclosure of public interest information and provides protection for those making such disclosures and those who are the subject of disclosure. The Act provides a system for the matters disclosed to be investigated and for appropriate action to be taken.

The Chief Executive office has complied with all obligations under the Act including:

- 1. Appointing the Community Development/Administration Officer as the PID Officer for the organisation
- 2. Publishing an internal procedure relating to the Shires obligations
- 3. Providing protection from detrimental action or the threat of detrimental action for any employee of the Shire who makes an appropriate disclosure of public interest information.

# Plan for the future of the District

Council has progressed with undertaking all the required Integrated Planning processes and are on target to complying with all the requirements. This year Council adopted a draft Strategic Community plan after community consultation.

A copy of the draft Strategic Community plan is available at the Shire Office if you wish to peruse it.



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#### LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT 1995 LOCAL GOVERNMENT (FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT) REGULATIONS 1996

#### STATEMENT BY CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

The attached financial report of the Shire of Meekatharra being the annual financial report, supporting notes and other information for the financial year ended 30th June 2012 are in my opinion properly drawn up to present fairly the financial position of the Shire of Meekatharra as at 30 June 2012 and the results of the operations for the financial year then ended in accordance with the Australian Accounting Standards and comply with the provisions of the Local Government Act 1995 and the regulations under that Act.

Signed on the

DECEMBER 2012

R McClymont Chief Executive Officer

The Shire of Meekatharra Main Sreet Meekatharra WA 6642

#### STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME BY PROGRAMME

REVENUES FROM ORDINARY ACTIVIT	NOTE	2011/2012 Actual \$	2011/2012 Budget \$	2010/2011 Actual \$
Governance General Purpose Funding		7,957,310	5,964,231	- 6,644,659
Law, Order, Public Safety Health		9,579 1,385	7,973 1,250	34,508 604
Education and Welfare Housing		182,994 24,474	96,028 17,500	98,730 19,731
Community Amenities		119,199	138,100	250,394
Recreation and Culture Transport		55,204 3,667,386	58,900 6,505,911	60,505 1,804,849
Economic Services Other Property and Services	_	169,773 142,863	126,440 97,250	142,812 127,322
		12,330,167	13,013,583	9,184,114
EXPENSES FROM ORDINARY ACTIVIT (Excluding Borrowing Costs expense)	IES			
Governance		447,230	472,720	348,703
General Purpose Funding Law, Order, Public Safety		277,833 110,226	244,307 126,167	(580,370) 124,706
Health Education and Welfare		75,048 595,836	121,409 572,578	67,413 330,011
Housing Community Amenities		3,592 367,127	17,500 551,078	19,731 522,561
Recreation & Culture		792,719	1,060,692	703,070
Transport Economic Services		6,780,511 284,419	3,639,858 306,860	3,215,259 319,524
Other Property and Services	_	(202,156) 9,532,385	108,202 7,221,371	255,050 5,325,658
Total Comprehensive Income	=	2,797,782	5,792,212	3,858,456

#### STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME BY NATURE OR TYPE

	NOTE	2011/2012 Actual \$	2011/2012 Budget \$	2010/2011 Actual \$
REVENUES FROM ORDINARY ACTIVITIES				
Rates Grants,Subsidies,Contributions - Operating Fees and Charges Interest Earnings Other Revenue	16 9 21 1 -	3,564,298 4,690,028 1,364,930 733,906 26,704 10,379,866	3,336,134 2,286,205 829,984 565,943 10,000 7,028,266	3,254,241 3,191,670 796,446 599,350 21,047 7,862,754
EXPENSES FROM ORDINARY ACTIVITIES				
Employee Costs Materials and Contracts Utilities (gas, electricity, water, etc) Depreciation on Non-current Assets Insurance Other Expenses	1 -	1,020,417 4,843,077 244,416 2,990,808 232,743 200,924 9,532,385 847,481	1,750,500 2,075,000 253,680 2,844,970 249,402 26,108 7,199,660 (171,394)	912,640 1,694,722 143,946 2,838,902 228,145 (492,697) 5,325,658 2,537,096
Grants,Subsidies,Contributions - Non Operating Profit on Asset Disposals Loss on Asset Disposals	9 29(b) 29(b)	1,788,545 161,756 -	5,854,440 120,127 (10,961)	1,308,829 12,531 -
Total Comprehensive Income	-	2,797,782	5,792,212	3,858,456

## STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

	NOTE	2011/2012 Actual \$	2010/2011 Actual \$
CURRENT ASSETS		Ŧ	¥
Cash and Cash Equivalents	2	12,994,154	9,844,769
Trade and Other Receivables	3	818,041	1,838,117
Inventories	4	132,132	71,881
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		13,944,327	11,754,767
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, Plant and Equipment	5(a)	7,433,929	7,108,338
Infrastructure	5(b)	22,275,497	20,959,908
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		29,709,426	28,068,246
TOTAL ASSETS		43,653,753	39,823,013
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and Other Payables	6	1,353,898	355,908
Provisions	7	125,381	105,434
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		1,479,279	461,342
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Provisions	7	46,631	31,610
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		46,631	31,610
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,525,910	492,952
NET ASSETS		42,127,843	39,330,061
EQUITY			
Retained Surplus		30,336,637	28,835,218
Reserves - Cash Backed	8	8,922,357	7,625,994
Reserves - Asset Revaluation	8	2,868,849	2,868,849
TOTAL EQUITY		42,127,843	39,330,061

## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

	NOTE	2011/2012 Actual \$	2010/2011 Actual \$
RETAINED SURPLUS			
Balance as at 1 July 2011		28,835,218	26,084,103
Net Result		2,797,782	3,858,456
Transfer from/(to) Reserves		(1,296,363)	(1,107,341)
Balance as at 30 June 2012		30,336,637	28,835,218
<b>RESERVES - CASH BACKED</b>			
Balance as at 1 July 2011		7,625,994	6,518,653
Amount Transferred (to)/from Retained Surplus		1,296,363	1,107,341
Balance as at 30 June 2012	8	8,922,357	7,625,994
<b>RESERVES - ASSET REVALUATION</b>			
Balance as at 1 July 2011		2,868,849	2,868,849
Revaluation Increment Revaluation Decrement		-	-
Balance as at 30 June 2012	8	2,868,849	2,868,849
RESERVES - BUILDING REVALUAT	ON		
Balance as at 1 July 2011		-	-
Revaluation Increment Revaluation Decrement		-	-
Balance as at 30 June 2012	8	-	-

This statement is to be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

**TOTAL EQUITY** 

42,127,843

39,330,061

## STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

	NOTE	2011/2012 Actual	2011/2012 Budget	2010/2011 Actual
Cash Flows From		\$	\$	\$
Operating Activities			·	·
Receipts				
Rates		4,733,679	4,021,707	1,992,695
Grants, Subsidies, Contributions		4,711,116	2,286,205	3,209,082
Fees and Charges		1,352,750	1,048,614	827,706
Interest Earnings		701,394	565,943	418,097
Goods and Services Tax		837,354	800,000	540,161
Other		26,704	10,000	21,047
	_	12,362,997	8,732,469	7,008,788
Payments				
Employee Costs		(967,138)	(1,722,556)	(871,280)
Materials and Contracts		(3,917,727)	(1,765,708)	(1,510,908)
Utilities (gas, electricity, water, etc)		(244,416)	(249,560)	(143,946)
Insurance		(232,743)	(249,402)	(228,145)
Goods and Services Tax		(908,055)	(794,000)	(476,430)
Other		(206,846)	(26,108)	514,324
	_	(6,476,925)	(4,807,334)	(2,716,385)
Net Cash Provided By (Used In)				
Operating Activities	10(b)	5,886,072	3,925,135	4,292,403
Cash Flows from Investing Activities				
Payments for Purchase of				
Property, Plant & Equipment		(1,167,622)	(2,388,840)	(982,118)
Payments for Construction of				
Infrastructure		(3,476,799)	(7,369,440)	(2,731,104)
Grants and Contributions for				
the Development of Assets		1,733,545	5,854,440	1,308,829
Proceeds from Sale of				
Plant & Equipment	_	174,189	315,000	55,262
Net Cash Provided By (Used In)	_			
Investing Activities		(2,736,687)	(3,588,840)	(2,349,131)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities	-	-		
Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash Held		3,149,385	336,295	1,943,271
Cash at Beginning of year		9,844,769	8,599,866	7,901,498
Cash at End of Year	10(a)	12,994,154	8,936,161	9,844,769
Jush at LIN VI I GAI	=	12,334,134	0,000,101	3,044,703

#### **RATE SETTING STATEMENT**

	NOTE	2011/2012 Actual \$	2011/2012 Budget \$	2010/2011 Actual \$
OPERATING REVENUES		Ŷ	Ψ	Ŷ
Governance		-	-	-
General Purpose Funding		4,393,012	2,628,097	3,390,418
Law, Order, Public Safety		9,579	7,973	34,508
Health		1,385	1,250	604
Education and Welfare		182,994	96,028	98,730
Housing		24,474	17,500	19,731
Community Amenities		119,199	138,100	250,394
Recreation and Culture		55,204	58,900	60,505
Transport		3,667,386	6,505,911	1,804,849
Economic Services		169,773	126,440	142,812
Other Property and Services		142,863	97,250	127,322
	-	8,765,869	9,677,449	5,929,873
OPERATING EXPENSES	-	, <u>,</u>		
Governance		(447,230)	(472,720)	(348,703)
General Purpose Funding		(277,833)	(244,307)	580,370
Law, Order, Public Safety		(110,226)	(126,167)	(124,706)
Health		(75,048)	(121,409)	(67,413)
Education and Welfare		(595,836)	(572,578)	(330,011)
Housing		(3,592)	(17,500)	(19,731)
Community Amenities		(367,127)	(551,078)	(522,561)
Recreation & Culture		(792,719)	(1,060,692)	(703,070)
Transport		(6,780,511)	(3,639,858)	(3,215,259)
Economic Services		(284,419)	(306,860)	(319,524)
Other Property and Services		202,156	(108,202)	(255,050)
	-	(9,532,385)	(7,221,371)	(5,325,658)
Adjustments for Cash Budget Requirements:	-	· · · · ·	<u>.</u>	·
Non-Cash Expenditure and Income				
(Profit)/Loss on Asset Disposals		(161,756)	(109,166)	(12,531)
Depreciation on Assets		2,990,808	2,844,970	2,838,902
Movement in Employee Benefits		34,968	2,549	31,042
Capital Expenditure and Income				
Purchase Land and Buildings		(98,470)	(734,500)	(555,640)
Purchase Infrastructure Assets - Roads		(3,386,750)	(7,029,440)	(2,418,492)
Purchase Plant and Equipment		(1,025,513)	(1,540,255)	(347,316)
Purchase Furniture and Equipment		(43,639)	(114,085)	(79,162)
Purchase Infrastructure - Other		(90,049)	(340,000)	(312,612)
Proceeds from Disposal of Assets		174,189	315,000	55,262
Repayment of Debentures		-	-	-
Proceeds from Debentures		-	-	-
Transfers to Reserves (Restricted Assets)		(1,296,363)	(1,246,882)	(1,357,341)
Transfers from Reserves (Restricted Assets)		-	-	250,000
ADD Estimated Surplus/(Deficit) July 1 B/Fwd		3,772,865	2,159,597	1,822,297
LESS Estimated Surplus/(Deficit) June 30 C/Fwd		3,668,072	-	3,772,865
Amount Required to be Raised from Rates	16	(3,564,298)	(3,336,134)	(3,254,241)

1. REVENUES AND EXPENSES	NOTE		2011/2012 Actual \$	2010/2011 Actual \$
Result from Ordinary Activities includes:				
(i) Charging as Expenses:				
Auditors Remuneration - Audit - Other Services			11,687 -	21,570
<b>Doubtful Debts</b> - Rate Debtors - Sundry Debtors			73,649 1,019	- 51
Depreciation - Buildings - Furniture and Equipment - Machinery & Equipment - Plant - Infrastructure - Roads - Infrastructure - Airport - Infrastructure - Other	5		181,142 28,827 9,759 609,870 1,877,911 175,624 107,675 2,990,808	159,536 30,078 12,192 608,882 1,759,468 164,401 104,345 2,838,902
Rental Charges - Operating leases				
<ul> <li>(ii) Crediting as Revenues:</li> <li>Interest Earnings</li> <li>Investments</li> </ul>		2011/2012 Actual \$	2011/2012 Budget \$	2010/2011 Actual \$
- Reserve Funds - Municipal Funds - Other Interest Earnings	20	522,436 153,494 57,976 733,906	440,443 60,000 <u>65,500</u> <u>565,943</u>	409,718 61,156 128,476 599,350

2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	NOTE	2011/2012 Actual \$	2010/2011 Actual \$
Cash on Hand		600	600
Cash at Bank		12,993,554	9,844,169
		12,994,154	9,844,769
Represented by:			
Unrestricted		3,061,865	2,145,574
Restricted		9,932,289	7,699,195
		12,994,154	9,844,769
The following restrictions have been im regulations or other externally imposed			
Plant Reserve	8	1,656,725	1,556,715
Building Reserve	8	960,299	554,831
Shire Water Reserve	8	150,713	141,615
Airport Runway Reserve	8	2,224,924	2,090,615
Airport Operations Reserve	8	784,965	737,580
Transport Reserve	8	530,777	323,386
Infrastructure & Development Reserve		769,078	722,652
Long Service Leave Reserve	8	47,170	44,323
Reseal & Rejuvenation Reserve	8	727,867	449,020
Digital TV Reserve	8	165,232	155,257
Interpretive Centre Reserve	8	904,607	850,000
sub tota	al	8,922,357	7,625,994
Unspent Grants	9	1,009,932	73,201
		9,932,289	7,699,195
3. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES			
Current Rates Outstanding		421,390	1,470,333
Sundry Debtors		85,150	84,879
GST Receivable		172,404	53,488
Other tax Receivable		-	48,215
Accrued Interest		213,765	181,253
Less Provision for Doubtful Debts	1	(74,668)	(51)
		818,041	1,838,117
4. INVENTORIES			
Current			
Stores and Materials - at cost		132,132	71,881
		132,132	71,881

	2011/2012 Actual \$	2010/2011 Actual \$
5a. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT		
Land & Buildings - Cost	6,486,473	6,417,429
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(2,390,375)	(2,238,340)
	4,096,098	4,179,089
Furniture and Equipment - Cost	302,280	258,641
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(132,614)	(103,787)
	169,666	154,854
Machinery & Equipment - Cost	89,664	89,664
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(87,188)	(77,429)
	2,476	12,235
Plant - Cost	7,309,157	6,753,751
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(4,143,468)	(3,991,591)
	3,165,689	2,762,160
	7,433,929	7,108,338

All property, plant and equipment asset classes are carried at cost. Whilst they are not subject to a policy of regular revaluation they are subject to an annual assessment as to whether there is any indication an asset may have been impaired in accordance with AASB 136 "Impairment of Assets".

#### **Movements in Carrying Amounts**

The following represents the movement in the carrying amounts of each class of property, plant and equipment between the beginning and the end of the current financial year.

	Land & Buildings	Furniture &	Machinery &	Plant	Total
	Buildings \$	Equipment \$	Equipment \$	\$	\$
Balance as at 1 July 2011	4,179,089	154,854	12,235	2,762,160	7,108,338
Additions	98,470	43,639	-	1,025,513	1,167,622
Disposals	(29,426)	-	-	(470,107)	(499,533)
Revaluations - Increment - (Decrement)	- -	-	-	-	- -
Impairment - (Losses) - Reversals	- -	-	-	-	- -
Depreciation Operating Expense Depreciation Written back	(181,142) 29,107	(28,827)	(9,759) -	(609,870) 457,993	(829,598) 487,100
Balance as at 30 June 2012	4,096,098	169,666	2,476	3,165,689	7,433,929

	2011/2012 Actual	2010/2011 Actual
5b. INFRASTRUCTURE	\$	\$
Roads - Cost	42,990,443	39,603,693
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(23,528,838)	(21,650,927)
	19,461,605	17,952,766
Airport - Cost	3,694,473	3,626,721
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(2,661,190)	(2,485,566)
	1,033,283	1,141,155
Infrastructure Other - Cost	2,731,786	2,709,489
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(951,177)	(843,502)
	1,780,609	1,865,987
	22,275,497	20,959,908

Council have adopted a policy of revaluing roads with sufficient regularity to ensure the carrying amount of each road asset is fairly stated at reporting date.

#### **Movements in Carrying Amounts**

The following represents the movement in the carrying amounts of each class of infrastructure between the beginning and the end of the current financial year.

	Roads \$	Airport \$	Other \$	Total \$
Balance as at 1 July 2011	17,952,766	1,141,155	1,865,987	20,959,908
Additions	3,386,750	67,752	22,297	3,476,799
Disposals	-	-	-	-
Revaluations - Increment - (Decrement)	-	-	-	-
Impairment - (Losses) - Reversals	- -	-	-	-
Depreciation Expense Depreciation Written back	(1,877,911)	(175,624)	(107,675)	(2,161,210)
Balance as at 30 June 2012	19,461,605	1,033,283	1,780,609	22,275,497

	NOTES	2011/2012 Actual \$	2010/2011 Actual \$
6. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES			
<b>Current</b>		1,154,289	212,149
Creditors - Sundry		74,811	80,491
Excess Rates		43,218	-
GST Payable		41,541	26,026
Accrued Salaries and Wages		40,039	37,242
PAYG & FBT Liability		1,353,898	355,908
7. PROVISIONS			
<b>Current</b>		88,904	71,583
Provision for Annual Leave & RDO's		36,477	33,851
Provision for Long Service Leave		125,381	105,434
Non Current		46,631	<u>31,610</u>
Provision for Long Service Leave		46,631	31,610

8.	RESERVES - CASH BACKED	NOTE	2011/2012 Actual \$	2011/2012 Budget \$	2010/2011 Actual \$
(a)	Plant Reserve	2			
. ,	Opening Balance		1,556,715	1,556,715	1,504,003
	Amount Set Aside / Transfer to Reserve		100,010	90,164	52,712
	Amount Used / Transfer from Reserve	-	-		
		-	1,656,725	1,646,879	1,556,715
(b)	Building Reserve	2			
()	Opening Balance		554,831	554,831	777,578
	Amount Set Aside / Transfer to Reserve		405,468	402,313	27,253
	Amount Used / Transfer from Reserve		-	-	(250,000)
			960,299	957,144	554,831
(c)	Shire Water Reserve	-			
	Opening Balance		141,615	141,615	136,820
	Amount Set Aside / Transfer to Reserve		9,098	8,202	4,795
	Amount Used / Transfer from Reserve	_	-		
<i>.</i>			150,713	149,817	141,615
(d)	Airport Runway (Capital) Reserve	2	0 000 015	0 000 015	0.010.004
	Opening Balance		2,090,615	2,090,615	2,019,824
	Amount Set Aside / Transfer to Reserve Amount Used / Transfer from Reserve		134,309	121,087	70,791
	Amount Osed / Transier nom neserve	-	2,224,924	2,211,702	2,090,615
<b>(</b> 0)	Airport Operating Reserve	2			
(e)	Opening Balance	2	737,580	737,580	712,605
	Amount Set Aside / Transfer to Reserve		47,385	42,720	24,975
	Amount Used / Transfer from Reserve		-	-	-
		-	784,965	780,300	737,580
(f)	Transport Reserve	2 -	- )	)	
	Opening Balance		323,386	323,385	312,435
	Amount Set Aside / Transfer to Reserve		207,391	205,346	10,951
	Amount Used / Transfer from Reserve	_	-		
		_	530,777	528,731	323,386
(g)	Infrastructure & Economic Development Reserve	2			
	Opening Balance		722,652	722,653	698,183
	Amount Set Aside / Transfer to Reserve		46,426	41,855	24,469
	Amount Used / Transfer from Reserve	_	-		
		_	769,078	764,508	722,652
(h)	LSL Reserve	2			
	Opening Balance		44,323	44,323	42,822
	Amount Set Aside / Transfer to Reserve		2,847	2,567	1,501
	Amount Used / Transfer from Reserve	-	-	-	-
		-	47,170	46,890	44,323

## 8. RESERVES - CASH BACKED (Continued)

	NÓTE	2011/2012 Actual \$	2011/2012 Budget \$	2010/2011 Actual \$
(i) Reseal & Rejuvenation Reserve	2			
Opening Balance		449,020	449,020	164,383
Amount Set Aside / Transfer to Reserve		278,847	275,611	284,637
Amount Used / Transfer from Reserve	_	-		
		727,867	724,631	449,020
(j) Digital TV Reserve	2			
Opening Balance		155,257	155,257	150,000
Amount Set Aside / Transfer to Reserve		9,975	8,992	5,257
Amount Used / Transfer from Reserve	_	-	-	
	-	165,232	164,249	155,257
(k) Interpretive Centre Reserve	2			
Opening Balance		850,000	850,000	-
Amount Set Aside / Transfer to Reserve		54,607	48,025	850,000
Amount Used / Transfer from Reserve	_	-	-	
	_	904,607	898,025	850,000
Total Cash Backed Reserves	-	8,922,357	8,872,876	7,625,994

All of the cash backed reserve accounts are supported by money held in financial institutions. and are included in the amount shown as restricted cash at note 4.

In accordance with council resolutions in relation to each reserve account, the purpose for which the reserves are set aside are as follows:

Plant Reserve

- to be used to fund major plant acquisitions on an ongoing basis.

**Building Reserve** 

- to be used for the future building requirements for Council purposes.

Shire Water Reserve

- to be used for capital water requirements of parks and gardens administered by the Shire.

Airport Runway Reserve

- to be used for future construction requirements of the airport runway.

Airport Operating Reserve

- to be used for capital improvement for the airport support infrastructure.

Transport Reserve

- to be used for the expansion of the road network that cannot be met by operating income. Infrastructure & Economic Development Reserve

 to be used to develop existing town infrastructure of a commercial or non-commercial nature and fund projects deemed by Council to provide a necessary long term employment or economic benefit to the community.

Long Service Leave Reserve

- to be used for the future pay of staff proceeding on Long Service Leave.

Reseal and Rejuvenation Reserve

- to be used for the future reseal of bitumen streets.

Digital TV Reserve

- to be used for the changeover from analogue to digital TV.

Interpretive Centre Reserve

- to be used for the construction of an interpretive centre.

#### 8. RESERVES - CASH BACKED (Continued)

The reserves are not expected to be used within a set period as further transfers to the reserve accounts are expected as funds are utilised.

Given the high proportion of the Council's rate revenue being generated from mining activity, the Council is largely dependent on that revenue to provide essential services to the region. Due to the fluctuating nature of that industry and hence the flow-on effect on the Shire's revenue the Council believes it is vital to maintain sufficient reserves to maintain services and infrastructure during protracted downturns in mining activity.

<b>RESERVES - ASSET REVALUATION</b>	2012 Actual \$	2011 Actual \$
Asset revaluation reserves have arisen on revaluation of the following classes of assets:	1	·
(a) <b>Roads</b> Balance as at 1 July 2011 Revaluation Increment Revaluation Decrement Balance as at 30 June 2012	2,868,849  	2,868,849  
(b) <b>Buildings</b> Balance as at 1 July 2011 Revaluation Increment Revaluation Decrement Balance as at 30 June 2012	- - - -	- - - -
TOTAL ASSET REVALUATION RESERVES	2,868,849	2,868,849

#### 9. ECONOMIC DEPENDANCY AND GRANTS

A significant portion of Revenue is received by way of grants from the State and Federal Governments.

Grants recognised as revenue in a particular year are not necessarily expended in the same year.

		2010/2011	2011/2012	2011/2012	2011/2012
Government Source	Purpose of Grant or Contribution	Grants Unspent Brought Forward	Grants Received	Grants Expended	Unexpended Grants
OPERATING GRANTS					
GENERAL PURPOSE FUNDING					
Grants Commission	Untied Financial Assistance Grant	-	2,309,015	2,309,015	-
Grants Commission	Untied Roads Financial Grant	-	1,315,043	1,315,043	-
		-	3,624,058	3,624,058	-
LAW, ORDER, & PUBLIC SAFETY					
FESA Operational Grant	Fire Prevention	-	352	352	-
FESA Operational Grant	SES Services	-	6,571	6,571	-
		-	6,923	6,923	-
WELFARE SERVICES					
Department of Justice	Domestic Violence programme	44,463	-	44,463	-
WA Police	Benefit of Meekatharra Youth (ADJ)	-	5,000	5,000	-
Dept Transport	Bike Week		350	350	-
OSCH	Youth Centre Operations	-	13,021	13,021	-
Dept of Community Development	Youth Centre Operations	-	164,040	107,863	56,177
		44,463	182,411	170,697	56,177
RECREATION & CULTURE					
	Swimming Pool Subsidy	-	3,000	3,000	-
		-	3,000	3,000	-
TRANSPORT					
Main Roads Department	Street Lighting Subsidy	-	-	-	-
FESA Operational Grant	Flood Damage	-	676,450	676,450	-
		-	676,450	676,450	-
ECONOMIC SERVICES					
Dept of Agriculture	Community Event Grant	20,000	-	20,000	-
		20,000	-	20,000	-
TOTAL OPERATING GRANTS		64,463	4,492,842	4,501,128	56,177
TOTAL OF LEATING GRANTS		04,403	4,492,042	4,301,120	50,177
NON OPERATING GRANTS RECREATION & Culture					
Dep Infrastructure	BBQ & Lights	8,738		8,738	
Deplimastructure	DDQ & Lights	8,738		8738	
TRANSPORT		0,750	_	0750	_
Main Roads Department	Direct Grant		167,391	167,391	
	Roads to Recovery - General/Various		107,551	107,331	
Main Roads Department	Regional Road Group	_	50,000	50,000	_
State	Royalties for Regions	_	1,539,769	593,344	946,425
RADS	Airport		31,385	31,385	340,423
10.00	Auport	-	1,788,545	842,120	946,425
TOTAL NON OPERATING GRANTS		8,738	1,788,545	850,858	946,425
		0,738	1,700,040	000,008	940,423
Reimbursements, Contributions and Sul	osidies (Operating)		197,186	189.856	7,330
Temporsements, Continutions and Sul	sicies (Operaling)	-	<b>197,186</b>	189,856	7,330 <b>7,330</b>
		-	137,100	109,030	7,550
TOTAL GRANTS, REIMBURSEMENTS	CONTRIBUTIONS and SUBSIDIES	73,201	6,478,573	5,541,842	1,009,932
	hat are included in Note 23(a) that were not re		3, 110,010	3,311,012	.,000,002

#### **10. NOTES TO THE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**

#### (a) Reconciliation of Cash

For the purposes of the cash flow statement, cash includes cash on hand and in banks and investments, net of outstanding bank overdrafts. Cash at the end of the reporting period is reconciled to the related items in the balance sheet as follows:

		NOTE	2011/2012 Actual \$	2011/2012 Budget \$	2010/2011 Actual \$
	Jnrestricted	2	3,061,865	63,285	2,145,574
Cash - I	Restricted	2 _	9,932,289	8,872,876	
		=	12,994,154	8,936,161	9,844,769
• •	iliation of Net Cash Provided ng Activities to Net Result	Ву			
Net Pro	fit (or Loss)		2,797,782	5,792,212	3,858,456
Depreci	ation		2,990,808	2,844,970	2,838,902
(Profit)/I	Loss on Sale of Asset		(161,756)	(109,166	) (12,531)
(Increas	e)/Decrease in Receivables		945,459	1,539,331	(545,319)
Increase	e/(Decrease) in Doubtful Debts		74,617	(635,128	) (785,077)
(Increas	e)/Decrease in Inventories		(60,251)	58,517	50,683
Increase	e/(Decrease) in Payables		997,990	286,290	165,076
Increase	e/(Decrease) in Employee Provis	sions	34,968	2,549	31,042
	Contributions for velopment of Assets		(1,733,545)	(5,854,440	) (1,308,829)
Net Cas	sh from Operating Activities	-	5,886,072	3,925,135	4,292,403

#### **11. CAPITAL AND LEASING COMMITMENTS**

#### (a) Finance Lease Commitments

There are no finance lease commitments to report for the year ended 30 June 2012

#### (b) Operating Lease Commitments

There are no operating commitments to report for the year ended 30 June 2012

#### (c) Capital Expenditure Commitments

There are no capital commitments to report for the year ended 30 June 2012

#### **12. TRUST FUNDS**

Funds held at balance date over which the Municipality has no control and which are not included in the financial statements are as follows:

	Balance 01-July-2011 \$	Amounts Received \$	Amounts Paid \$	Balance 30-June-2012 \$
Donations	5,000	· -	-	5,000
Unclaimed Monies	20,498	1,068	-	21,566
Library Deposits	2,481	90	-	2,571
Building Industry Training Levy	-	53,117	53,143	(26)
Builders Registration Board	35	616	645	5
Housing Bonds	2,092	3,400	3,092	2,400
Nomination Deposits	-	320	320	-
Stockyard Caretaking	21	-	-	21
Miscellaneous Deposits	6,289	400	400	6,289
Picture Fund	1,000	-	-	1,000
Housing Sold	60,577	-	-	60,577
Cash at Bank	97,993	59,011	57,600	99,403
Trust Debtor				
Total Trust Funds	97,993	59,011	57,600	99,403

13. TOTAL ASSETS CLASSIFIED BY FUNCTION	2011/2012 Actual \$	2010/2011 Actual \$	
Governance General Purpose Funding Law, Order, Public Safety Health Education and Welfare Housing Community Amenities Recreation and Culture Transport Economic Services Other Property and Services Unallocated (Cash)		835 560,487 2,973 6,100 284,370 1,880,000 166,395 2,373,703 21,049,066 902,077 4,022,454 13,166,558 44,415,018	1,002 1,651,535 3,536 2,304 308,474 1,901,865 179,812 2,435,884 19,486,698 935,611 2,969,820 9,946,472 39,823,013
14. FINANCIAL RATIOS	2011/2012	2010/2011	2009/2010
Current Ratio Untied Cash to Trade Creditors Ratio Debt Ratio Debt Service Ratio Gross Debt to Revenue Ratio Gross Debt to Economically Realisable Assets Rate Coverage Ratio Outstanding Rates Ratio	2.78 2.65 0.03 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.30 0.08	9.49 10.11 0.01 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.36 0.35	7.19 14.71 0.01 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.33 0.36
The above rates are calculated as follows:			
Current Ratio equals	Current liabi	s minus restricted c lities minus liabilities vith restricted assets	associated
Untied Cash to Trade Creditors Ratio	U	Untied cash Inpaid trade creditor	s
Debt Ratio equals		Total liabilities Total assets	
Debt Service Ratio equals		ice Cost (Principal & lable operating reve	
Gross Debt to Revenue Ratio		Gross debt Total revenue	
Gross Debt to Economically Realisable Assets Ratio	Econo	Gross debt omically realisable a	ssets
Rate Coverage Ratio equals	_	Net rate revenue Operating revenue	_
Outstanding Rates Ratio equals	—	Rates outstanding Rates collectable	_

#### **15. BORROWINGS**

- (a) Debenture Repayments Council had no amounts owing on debentures as at 30 June 2012
- (b) New Debentures Council had no new debentures for 2011/2012
- (c) Unspent Debentures Council has no unspent Debentures at 30 June 2012
- (d) Overdraft Council has no overdraft facility available, and none were utilized during the year ended 30 June 2012
- (e) Interest Rate Risk Council's exposure to interest rate risk as a result of borrowings and the effective weighted average interest rate on these borrowings is nil.

#### 16. RATING INFORMATION - 2011/2012 FINANCIAL YEAR

16. RATING INFORMATION - 2011/2012 FINANCIAL YEAR										
RATE TYPE	Rate in \$ (cents)	Number of Properties	Rateable Value	Rate Revenue	Interim & Back Rates	Total Revenue	Budget Rate Revenue	Budget Interim Rate	Budget Back Rate	Budget Total Revenue
General Rate										
- Gross rental value	11.0893	315	2,582,700	286,403	-	286,403	287,845	-	-	287,845
- Unimproved Value Mining	17.2090	877	17,633,564	3,034,560	(8,985)	3,025,575	2,800,390	-	-	2,800,390
- Unimproved Value Pastoral	3.4740	41	4,014,966	139,480	-	139,480	139,479	-	-	139,479
Sub-Totals	•	1,233	24,231,230	3,460,443	(8,985)	3,451,458	3,227,714	0	0	3,227,714
Minimum Rate	Minimum \$									
- Gross rental value	260	78	20,535	20,280	-	20,280	20,540	-	-	20,540
- Unimproved Value Mining	260	348	235,148	90,480	-	90,480	86,060	-	-	86,060
- Unimproved Value Pastoral	260	8	18,750	2,080	-	2,080	1,820	-	-	1,820
Sub-Totals		434	274,433	112,840	-	112,840	108,420	-	-	108,420
						3,564,298				3,336,134
Waivered Rates						0				
Ex Gratia Rates Totals	_				-	3,564,298			-	3,000 3,339,134
TULAIS					L	3,304,290			L	3,339,134

17. SPECIFIED AREA RATE - 2011/2012FINANCIAL YEAR	NIL
18. SERVICE CHARGES - 2011/2012 FINANCIAL YEAR	NIL
19. DISCOUNTS, INCENTIVES, CONCESSIONS, & WRITE-OFFS - 2011/2012 FINANCIAL YEAR	NIL

The Shire of Meekatharra does not grant a discount for the early payment of rates appearing on the rate notice.

## 20. INTEREST CHARGES AND INSTALMENTS - 2011/2012 FINANCIAL YEAR

	Interest Rate (%)	Admin. Charge \$	Revenue \$	Budgeted Revenue \$	
Interest on Unpaid Rates	10	N/A	36,016	60,000	
Interest on Instalments Plan	5.5	N/A	21,960	5,500	
Charges on Instalment Plan	N/A	15	16,305	6,000	
			74,281	71,500	

21. FEES & CHARGES	2011/2012 Actual \$	2010/2011 Actual \$
General Purpose Funding	20,321	12,885
Governance	-	-
Law, Order, Public Safety	2,656	1,726
Health	1,385	604
Education & Welfare	-	-
Housing	23,583	17,027
Community Amenities	108,009	111,725
Recreation & Culture	28,338	21,994
Transport	1,018,779	477,772
Economic Services	161,519	120,401
Other Property & Services	340	32,312
	1,364,930	796,446

There were no changes during the year to the amount of the fees or charges detailed in the original budget.

22. COUNCILLORS' REMUNERATION	2011/2012 Actual \$	2011/2012 Budget \$	2010/2011 Actual \$
The following fees, expenses and allowances were paid to council members and/or the president.			
Meeting Fees	10,410	13,520	10,710
Travelling Expenses	4,588	2,500	3,813
Telecommunications	-	500	-
President's Allowance	8,000	8,000	8,000
Deputy Presidents Allowance	2,000	2,000	2,000
	24,998	26,520	24,523

#### 23. EMPLOYEES' REMUNERATION

Set out below, in bands of \$10,000, is the number of employees of the Shire entitled to an annual salary of \$100,000 or more.

	Salary Range \$	2012	2011
	100,000 - 109,000 120,000 - 129,000 150,000 - 159,000	2 1 1	1 1 1
24. EMPLOYEE NUMBERS		2012	2011
The number of full-time equivalent Employees at balance date		24	24

#### 25. MAJOR LAND TRANSACTIONS

No major land transactions occurred during the period.

#### 26. MAJOR TRADING UNDERTAKINGS

No major trading undertakings occurred during the period.

#### 27. OTHER TRADING UNDERTAKINGS

The Shire acts as an agent for Air BP providing aviation fuel to customers at the airport. Council provides the service to ensure the ongoing viability of regular public transport flights to Meekatharra.

	public transport nights to meekathana.	2012 \$	2011 \$
Current Year Transactions	Operating Income	145,008	93,899
	Operating Expenses	(103,221)	(39,583)
	Change in Net Assets resulting	41,787	54,316
Statement of Financial Position	Current Assets Cash at Bank Trade Debtors	95,252 -	1,743 -
Shire of Halls Creek Air BP	Current Liabilities Trade Creditors	(82,448) (12,804)	-
			1,743
	Equity Opening balance Cash Transferred to Municipal Change in Net Assests	1,743 (43,530) 41,787	9,794 (62,367) 54,316
			1,743

#### 28. NET CURRENT ASSETS

# Composition of Estimated Net Current Asset Position and Surplus/ (Deficiency)

Financial Year As at CURRENT ASSETS	2011/2012 30/06/2012 Actual \$	2011/2012 30/06/2012 Budget \$	2010/2011 1/07/2011 Actual \$	2010/2011 1/07/2011 Budget \$
Cash - Unrestricted	3,061,865	63,285	2,145,574	973,872
Cash - Restricted	9,932,289	8,872,876	7,699,195	7,625,994
Trade and other Receivables	818,041	361,715	1,838,117	1,265,918
Inventories	132,132	35,000	71,881	93,517
Total Current Assets	13,944,327	9,332,876	11,754,767	9,959,301

#### LESS: CURRENT LIABILITIES

Trade and other Payables Rates in Advance Long Term Borrowings Accrued Expenditure Employee Provisions	Total Current Liabilities	(1,237,546) (74,811) - (41,541) (125,381) (1,479,279)	(460,000) - - (95,000) (555,000)	(249,391) (80,491) - (26,026) (105,434) (461,342)	(173,710) (92,451) - - - (266,161)
NET CURRENT AS	SET POSITION	12,465,048	8,777,876	11,293,425	9,693,140
Adjustments for: Items not included in calculation	on of Surplus/(Deficiency)				
Less: Unspent Debentures		-	-	-	-
Less: Reserve Accounts		(8,922,357)	(8,872,876)	(7,625,994)	(7,625,994)
Less: Self Supporting Loans		-	-	-	-
Add: Employee Provisions (Pr	<b>š</b> ,	125,381	-	105,434	92,451
Add: Long Term Borrowings (I	Provided for within Budget)	-	-	-	-
Less Budget Correction		-	95,000	-	-
Surplus (Deficiency)carried Forv	ward	3,668,072		3,772,865	2,159,597
Surplus (Denciency)camed For	valu	3,000,072	-	3,772,003	2,109,097

The surplus carried forward in the 2010/2011 Budget column represents the anticipated surplus used for opening funds in the 2011/2012 Budget

The surplus carried forward in the 2010/2011 Actual column represents the actual surplus as shown on the audited financial statements for 2010/2011

The difference between the actual audited surplus of	3,772,865
and the estimated surplus used in the budget of	2,159,597
is	1,613,268

The variance is represented by roadworks in progress at year end. and has no overall effect on the budget.

The surplus carried forward in the 2011/2012 Budget column represents the anticipated surplus as at 30 June 2012

The surplus carried forward in the 2011/2012 Actual column represents the actual surplus as at 30 June 2012

#### 29. DISPOSAL & REPLACEMENT OF ASSETS

29a. The following assets were purchased during the year

		Asset No	G/L Account	Actual \$	Budget \$
Furniture and Fittings					
Furniture - General		3072-4	2445	9,129	17,185
New Telephone System			1330	-	12,500
Rec Officer Laptop		3065	3673	2,280	3,000
Hall Equipment			3534	-	6,000
Airconditioner Gym			3654	-	15,000
Platyground Equipment			3904	-	28,000
Pool Equipment			3714	-	53,000
Pool Inflatable		436	3715	10,500	-
Gym Eqipment		3052	3974	5,472	10,400
Sports Complex Equipment		3075	3894	5,120	37,000
Rec Centre Light & BBQ		3075	3784	11,138	-
	sub total			43,639	182,085
Buildings					
Housing - Improvements General				-	
Lot 303 Darlot		1018	921	32,252	23,000
Lot 206 Hill		1070	922	3,273	11,000
Lot 87 Main		1068	926	6,756	18,500
Sports Complex		1030	930	8,707	23,000
Lot 304 Darlot		1069	931	6,272	5,000
4/16 Regan St			938	-	5,000
Lot 205 Hill St		1042	932	4,466	10,000
Lot 207 Hill St		1041	933	5,270	10,000
Airport Residence			934	-	18,000
1/16 Regan St			935	-	5,000
2/16 Regan St			936	-	5,000
3/16 Regan St			937	-	5,000
Lot 17 Main St			939	-	2,500
Lloyds Renovations		1115	4191	2,767	80,000
SPQ Padys Flat			3254	-	5,000
Oval Toilets			3634	-	100,000
Pool Upgrade		1058	3666	4,000	55,000
Town Hall Upgrade		1021	3544	5,926	-
Cemetery Upgrade		7127	3292	1,482	70,000
Re Roof Office Building			1334	-	215,000
Key System		1003	1323	1,073	28,000
Depot Upgrade		1050	5044	1,534	100,000
Youth Centre Upgrade		1100	2447	14,692	29,500
	sub total			98,470	823,500

#### 29. DISPOSAL & REPLACEMENT OF ASSETS (continued)

29a The following assets were purchased during the year (continued)

		Asset No	G/L Account	Actual \$	Budget
Plant and Equipment			Account		\$ \$ 74,300
Misc Plant - Satellite Phone		397	5014	5,828	φ 74,500
Misc Plant - Pumps		429	5014	31,208	_
Misc Plant - Tools		446	5014	13,854	_
Misc Plant - Trailer		311	5014	5,500	_
Multi Tyre Roller		434	5294	168,175	200,000
Works Trailer		432	5264	3,577	200,000
Utilities		445	5084	38,212	35,000
Utilities		438	5084	19,100	
Loader		433	5334	322,145	310,000
Dolly Trailer		433	5164	12,550	15,000
Dolly Trailer		440	5164	12,550	15,000
Caravans & Equipment		321	5034	24,420	165,000
Caravans & Equipment		3026	5034 5034	16,475	103,000
Youth Trailer		P436	2449	3,545	3,555
Recreation Trailer		435	4004	3,545	5,000
Mosquito Fogger		3029	2374	4,350	20,000
DCEO Vehicle		3029 444	1355	4,350	40,000
Managers Vehicle		444 437	5144		40,000 85,000
		437	1332	63,041	
Project Vehicle		550		- 25,629	35,000
Generator Trucks		553 439	5284	206,460	25,000
		439	5124 5216	200,400	300,000
Airport Fire Fighting System				-	25,000
Communication Equipment	aub tatal		5314	-	46,400
Infractional Decide	sub total			1,025,513	1,399,255
Infrastructure - Roads		0500	4000	0.044.770	0.000.000
Rural Road Construction - Gravel		8530 8540	4200	2,944,772	2,268,880
Rural Road Construction - Seal		8540	4200	383,291	150,000
Grids		0540	4200	-	30,000
Water Bores		8540	4530	58,687	50,000
Information Alignment	sub total			3,386,750	2,498,880
Infrastructure - Airport		F004	5404	07 750	40.000
Airport - Construction		5001	5104	67,752	49,000
	sub total			67,752	49,000
Infrastructure - Other			0004		05 000
Cornish Lift			3624	-	35,000
Headframe - Viewing Platform		7400	3637	-	30,000
Tank Fence & Fittings		7103	3994	6,577	10,000
Mt Gould Police Station			4181	-	20,000
Parks & Gardens			4026	-	15,000
Main St Cameras			2027	-	100,000
Luke Pit Water Scheme			3944	-	80,000
Race Course Improvements		7131	4016	8,360	15,000
Pump & Fittings - Oval			3914	-	40,000
Entry Statements & Signs		7124	5424	7,360	30,000
	sub total			22,297	375,000
				4,644,421	5,327,720

#### 29. DISPOSAL & REPLACEMENT OF ASSETS (Continued)

29b. The following assets were disposed of during the year.

		Historical	Accumulated	Net Book Value		Sale I	Price	Profit (	Loss)
	Asset No	Cost	Depreciation	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Plant and Equipment									
Cat Loader	348	300,300	300,300	-	-	90,000	65,000	90,000	65,000
Multipac Roller	356	137,520	128,289	9,231	11,000	35,000	50,000	25,769	39,000
Trailer John Papas	414	3,800	917	2,883	-	3,008	-	125	-
Ford Futura	388	28,487	28,487	-	4,250	11,818	15,000	11,818	10,750
Land & Buildings									
Lot 246 Darlot	1016	29,426	29,107	319	-	34,363	-	34,044	-
		499,533	487,100	12,433	15,250	174,189	130,000	161,756	114,750

#### **30. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT**

Council's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks including price risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and interest rate risk. The Council's overall risk management focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the Council.

Council does not engage in transactions expressed in foreign currencies and is therefore not subject to foreign currency risk.

Financial risk management is carried out by the finance area under policies approved by the Council.

The Council held the following financial instruments at balance date:

	Carrying	Value	Fair Value		
	2012	2011	2012	2011	
	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Financial Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	12,994,154	9,844,769	12,994,154	9,844,769	
Receivables	645,637	1,838,117	818,041	1,838,117	
	13,639,791	11,682,886	13,812,195	11,682,886	
Financial Liabilities					
Payables	1,270,641	355,908	1,353,898	355,908	
	1,270,641	355,908	1,353,898	355,908	

Fair value is determined as follows:

• Cash and Cash Equivalents, Receivables, Payables – estimated to the carrying value which approximates fair value.

• Borrowings, Held-to-Maturity Investments – estimated future cash flows discounted by the current market interest rates applicable to assets and liabilities with similar risk profiles.

• Financial Assets at Fair Value through profit and loss, Available for Sale Financial Assets – based on quoted market prices at the reporting date or independent valuation.

#### 30. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued) (a) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Council's objective is to maximise its return on cash and investments whilst maintaining an adequate level of liquidity and preserving capital. The finance area manages the cash and investments portfolio. Council has an investment policy and the policy is subject to review by Council. An Investment Report is provided to Council on a monthly basis setting out the make-up and performance of the portfolio.

The major risk associated with investments is price risk – the risk that the capital value of investments may fluctuate due to changes in market prices, whether these changes are caused by factors specific to individual financial instruments of their issuers or factors affecting similar instruments traded in a market.

Cash and investments are also subject to interest rate risk – the risk that movements in interest rates could affect returns.

Another risk associated with cash and investments is credit risk – the risk that a contracting entity will not complete its obligations under a financial instrument resulting in a financial loss to Council.

Council manages these risks by diversifying its portfolio and only purchasing investments with high credit ratings or capital guarantees.

Impact of a 1% (*) movement in interest rates on cash and investments:	30-Jun-12 \$	30-Jun-11 \$
<ul> <li>Equity</li> <li>Statement of Comprehensive Income</li> </ul>	129,942 129,942	98,448 98,448

#### Notes:

(\*) Sensitivity percentages based on management's expectation of future possible market movements.

# 30. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### (b) Receivables

Council's major receivables comprise rates and annual charges and user charges and fees. The major risk associated with these receivables is credit risk – the risk that the debts may not be repaid. Council manages this risk by monitoring outstanding debt and employing debt recovery policies. It also encourages ratepayers to pay rates by the due date through incentives.

Credit risk on rates and annual charges is minimised by the ability of Council to recover these debts as a secured charge over the land – that is, the land can be sold to recover the debt. Council is also able to charge interest on overdue rates and annual charges at higher than market rates, which further encourages payment.

The level of outstanding receivables is reported to Council monthly and benchmarks are set and monitored for acceptable collection performance.

Council makes suitable provision for doubtful receivables as required and carries out credit checks on most non-rate debtors.

There are no material receivables that have been subject to a re-negotiation of repayment terms.

The profile of the Council's credit risk at balance date was:

	30 Jun 12	30 Jun 11		
Percentage of Rates and Annual Charges				
- Current - Overdue	61.55% 38.45%	43.51% 56.49%		
Percentage of Other Receivables				
- Current - Overdue	87.45% 12.55%	94.94% 5.06%		

# 30. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

# (c) Payables

# Borrowings

Payables and borrowings are both subject to liquidity risk – that is the risk that insufficient funds may be on hand to meet payment obligations as and when they fall due. Council manages this risk by monitoring its cash flow requirements and liquidity levels and maintaining an adequate cash buffer. Payment terms can be extended and overdraft facilities drawn upon if required.

The contractual undiscounted cash flows of Council's Payables and Borrowings are set out in the Liquidity Sensitivity Table below:

<u>2012</u>	Due within 1 year \$	Due between 1 & 5 years \$	Due after 5 years \$	Total contractual cash flows \$	Carying values \$
Payables Borrowings	1,353,898 - <u>1,353,898</u>	- - -	- - -	1,353,898 - 1,353,898	1,353,898 - 1,353,898
<u>2011</u>					
Payables Borrowings	355,908 - <u>355,908</u>	- 		355,908 - 355,908	355,908 - 355,908

#### **31. STATEMENT OF OBJECTIVES**

The Shire of Meekatharra is dedicated to providing high quality services to the community through the various service orientated programs which it has established.

#### PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS

The Principal place of Business of the Local Government is: The Shire of Meekatharra Main Street, Meekatharra Western Australia 6642.

#### GOVERNANCE

Administration and operation of facilities and services to members of council; other costs that relate to the tasks of assisting elected members and ratepayers on matters which do not concern specific council services.

#### GENERAL PURPOSE FUNDING

Rates, general purpose government grants and interest revenue Costs associated with raising of rates, collection of debts and other funding activities within this programme.

#### LAW, ORDER, PUBLIC SAFETY

Supervision of various by-laws, fire prevention, emergency services and animal control. Operation of Council's Ranger (security) services.

#### HEALTH

Food quality and pest control, monitoring and control of environmental health. Contract Operation for Health issues within the Community

#### EDUCATION AND WELFARE

Provision and maintenance of various premises in support of community services such as the Pre-school, Childrens Day Care and Telecentre. Financial assistance on a needs arise basis for the community's education and welfare. Provision, maintenance and support for the community youth centre.

#### HOUSING

Maintenance of staff and rental housing

#### COMMUNITY AMENITIES

Rubbish collection services, operation of tips, noise control, administration of the town planning scheme, maintenance of cemeteries, maintenance of rest centre and storm water drainage maintenance, operation and maintenance of sewage schemes..

#### RECREATION AND CULTURE

Maintenance of halls, the aquatic centre recreation centres and various reserves; operation of library, TV and Radio Broadcasting

#### TRANSPORT

Construction and maintenance of streets, roads, bridges; cleaning and lighting of streets, traffic lights; depot maintenance and airport maintenance.

#### ECONOMIC SERVICES

The regulation and provision of tourism, area promotion, building control noxious weeds, vermin control, and building controls.

#### **OTHER PROPERTY & SERVICES**

Private works operations and miscellaneous Plant operations, Overheads and Administration costs, initially charged here are reallocated to the relevant function area.

## **32. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The significant accounting policies which have been adopted in the preparation of this financial report are:

## (a) Basis of Preparation

The financial report is a general purpose financial report which has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (as they apply to local governments and not-for-profit entities), Australian Accounting Interpretations other authorative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board, the Local Government Act 1995 and accompanying regulations.

The report has also been prepared on the accrual basis and is based on historical costs modified where necessary by the measurement at fair value of slected non-current assets, financial assets and liabilities.

# **Critical Accounting Estimates**

The preparation of a financial report in conformity with Australian Accounting Standards requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that effect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses.

The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The results of which form the basis of making judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

# (b) The Local Government Reporting Entity

All Funds through which the Council controls resources to carry on its functions have been included in the financial statements forming part of this financial report.

In the process of reporting on the local government as a single unit, all transactions and balances between those funds (for example, loans and transfers between Funds) have been eliminated.

All monies held in the Trust Fund are excluded from the financial statements, but a separate statement of those monies appears in the notes to this financial report.

### (c) Goods and Services Tax

In accordance with recommended practice, revenues, expenses and assets capitalised are stated net of any GST recoverable. Receivables and payables in the Statement of Financial Position are stated inclusive of applicable GST.

### (d) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, cash at bank, deposits held at call with banks, other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value and bank overdrafts.

Bank overdrafts are shown as short term borrowings in current liabilities on the Statement of Financial Position.

# 32. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## (e) Trade and Other Receivables

Collectibility of trade and other receivables is reviewed on an ongoing basis. Debts that are known to be uncollectible are written off when identified. An allowance for doubtful debts is raised when there is objective evidence that they will not be collectible.

# (f) Inventories

# General

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

# Land Held for Resale

Land purchased for development and/or resale is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes the cost of acquisition, development borrowing costs and holding costs until completion of development. Finance costs ane holding charges incurred after development is completed are expensed.

Revenue arising from the sale of property is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income as at the time of signing a binding contract of sale.

Land held for resale is classified as current except where it is held as non-current based on Council's intention to release for sale.

# (g) Fixed Assets

Each class of fixed assets is carried at cost or fair value as indicated less, where applicable, any accumulated depreciation or impairment losses.

### Initial Recognition

All assets are initially recognised at cost. Cost is determined as the fair value of the assets given as consideration plus costs incidental to the acquisition. For assets acquired at no cost or for nominal consideration, cost is determined as fair value at the date of acquisition. The cost of non-current assets constructed by the Council includes the cost of all materials used in construction, direct labour on the project and an appropriate proportion of variable and fixed overhead.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a seperate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Council and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are recognised as expenses in the statement of comprehensive income in the period in which they are incurred.

# 32. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### Revaluation

Certain asset classes may be revalued on a regular basis such that the carying values are not materially different from fair value. For infrastructure and other asset classes where no active market exists, fair value is determined to be the current replacement cost of an asset less, where applicable, accumulated depreciation calculated on the basis of such cost to reflect the already consumed or expired future economic benefits of the asset.

Increases in the carrying amount arising on revaluation of assets are credited to a revaluation surplus in equity. Decreases that offset previous increases in the same asset are charged against fair value reserves directly in equity; all other decreases are charged to the statement of comprehensive income.

Any accumulated depreciation at the date of revaluation is eliminated against the gross carrying amount of the asset and the net amount is restated to the revalued amount of the asset.

Those assets carried at a revalued amount, being their fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, are to be revalued with sufficient regularity to ensure the carrying amount does not differ materially from that determined using fair value at reporting date.

## Land under Roads

In Western Australia, all land under roads is Crown Land, the responsibility for managing which, is vested in the local government.

Effective as at 1 July 2008, Council elected not to recognise any value for land under roads acquired on or before 30 June 2008. This accords with the treatment available in Australian Accounting Standard AASB1051 - Land Under Roads and the fact Local Government (Financial Management) Regulation 16(a)(i) prohibits local governments from recognising such land as an asset.

In respect of land under roads acquired on or after 1 July 2008, as detailed above, Local Government (Financial Management) Regulation 16(a)(i) prohibits local governments from recognising such land as an asset.

Whilst such treatment is inconsistent with the requirements of AASB 1051, Local Government (Financial Management) Regulation 4(2) provides, in the event of such an inconsistency, the Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations prevail.

Consequently, any land under roads acquired on or after 1 July 2008 is not included as an asset of the Council.

# 32. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## **Depreciation of Non-Current Assets**

All non-current assets having a limited useful life (excluding freehold land) are and systematically depreciated over their useful lives in a manner which reflects the consumption of the future economic benefits embodied in those assets.

Assets are depreciated from the date of acquisition, or in respect of internally constructed assets, from the time the asset is completed and held ready for use.

Depreciation is recognised on a straight-line basis, using rates which are reviewed each reporting period. Major depreciation periods are:

Buildings	25 - 40 years
Office Furniture and Equipment	3 - 10 years
Plant and Equipment	5 - 10 years
Roads Unformed	Not Depreciated
Roads Formed	Not Depreciated
Roads Gravel	15 years
Roads Sealed	50 years
Kerbing & Footpaths	20 years
Other Infrastructure	20 years
Drains & Sewers	40 years
Grids	20 years
Airfields and Runways	20 years

The assets residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with with the carrying amount. These gains and losses are included in the statement of comprehensive income. When revalued assets are sold, amounts included in the revaluation surplus relating to that asset are transferred to retained earnings.

# 32. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### Capitalisation Threshold

Expenditure on items of equipment under \$5,000 is not capitalised.

## (h) Financial Instruments

# Initial Recognition and Measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Council becomes a party to the contractual provisions to the instrument. For financial assets, this is equivalent to the date that the Council commits itself to either the purchase or sale of the asset (ie trade date accounting is adopted).

Financial instruments are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs, except where the instrument is classified 'at fair value through profit or loss', in which case transaction costs are expensed to profit or loss immediately.

# **Classification and Subsequent Measurement**

Financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, amortised cost using the effective interest rate method or at cost.

Fair value represents the amount for which an asset could be exchanged or a liability settled, between knowledgeable, willing parties. Where available, quoted prices in an active market are used to determine fair value. In other circumstances, valuation techniques are adopted.

Amortised cost is calculated as:

- (a) the amount in which the financial asset or financial liability is measured at initial recognition;
- (b) less principal repayments;

(c) plus or minus the cumulative amortisation of the difference, if any, between the amount initially recognised and the maturity amount calculated using the effective interest rate method; and

(b) less any reduction for impairment.

The effective interest rate method is used to allocate interest income or interest expense over the relevant period and is equivalent to the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts (including fees, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life (or when this cannot be reliably predicted, the contractual term) of the financial instrument to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or financial liability. Revisions to expected future net cash flows will necessitate an adjustment to the carrying value with a consequential recognition of an income or expense in profit or loss.

# (i) Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets held for trading. A financial asset is classified in this category if acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the short term. Derivatives are classified as held for trading unless they are designated as hedges. Assets in this category are classified as current assets.

# 32. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (ii) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Loans and receivables are included in current assets where they are expected to mature within 12 months after the end of the reporting period.

#### (iii) Held-to-maturity investments

Held-to-maturity investments are non-derivative financial assets with fixed maturities and fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturities that the Council's management has the positive intention and ability to hold to maturity. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Held-to-maturity investments are included in current assets, where they are expected to mature within 12 months of the end of the reporting period. All other investments are classified as non-current.

#### (iv) Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets, are non-derivative financial assets that are either not suitable to be classified into other categories of financial assets due to their nature, or they are designated as such by management. They comprise investments in the equity of other entities where there is neither a fixed maturity nor fixed or determinable payments.

They are subsequently measured at fair value with changes in such fair value (i.e. Gains or losses) recognised in other comprehensive income (except for impairment losses). When the financial asset is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss pertaining to that asset previously recognised in other comprehensiv income, is reclassifed into profit or loss.

Available-for-sale financial assets are included in current assets where they are expected to be sold within 12 months after the end of the reporting period. All other financial assets are classified as non current.

#### (v) Financial liabilities

Non-derivative financial liabilities (excluding financial guarantees) are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

### Impairment

At the end of each reporting period, the Council assesses whether there is objective evidence that a financial instrument has been impaired. In the case of available-for-sale financial instruments, a prolonged decline in the value of the instrument is considered to determine whether impairment has arisen. Impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss. Any cumulative decline in fair value previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified into profit or loss at this point.

### Derecognition

Financial assets are derecognised where the contractual rights to receipt of cash flows expire or the asset is transferred to another party whereby the Council no longer has any significant continued involvement in the risks and benefits associated with the asset.

# 32. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial liabilities are derecognised where the related obligations are discharged, cancelled or expire. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability extinguished or transferred to another party and the fair value of the consideration paid, including the transfer of non-cash assets or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

# (i) Impairment

In accordance with Australian Accounting Standards the Council's assets, other than inventories, are assessed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication they may be impaired.

Where such an indication exists, an impairment test is carried out on the asset by comparing the recoverable amount of the asset, being the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use, to the asset's carrying amount.

Any excess of the asset's carrying amount over its recoverable amount is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount in accordance with another standard (eg AASB 116). Any impairment loss of a revalued asset is treated as a revaluation decrease in accordance with that other standard.

For non-cash generating assets such as roads, drains, public buildings and the like, value in use is represented by the depreciated replacement cost of the asset.

### (j) Trade and Other Payables

Trade and other payables represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Council prior to the end of the financial year that are unpaid and arise when the Council becomes obliged to make future payments in respect of the purchase of these goods and services. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

#### (k) Employee Benefits

Provision is made for the Council's liability for employee benefits arising from services rendered by employees to the end of the reporting period. Employee benefits that are expected to be settled within one year have been measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liability is settled. Employee benefits payable later than one year have been measured at the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made for the benefits. In determining the liability, consideration is given to the employee wage increases and the probability the employee may not satisfy vesting requirements. Those cash flows are discounted using market yields on national government bonds with terms to maturity matching the expected timing of cash flows.

### (I) Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs are recognised as an expense when incurred except where they are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset. Where this is the case, they are capitalised as part of the cost of the particular asset.

## 32. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## (m) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when:

- a) the Council has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events;
- b) for which it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will result to settle the obligation; and
- c) that outflow can be reliably measured.

Provisions are measured using the best estimate of the amounts required to settle the obligation at the end of the reporting period.

## (n) Leases

Leases of fixed assets, where substantially all the risks and benefits incidental to the ownership of the asset, but not legal ownership, are transferred to the Council, are classified as finance leases.

Finance leases are capitalised recording an asset and a liability at the lower amounts equal to the fair value of the leased property or the present value of the minimum lease payments, including any guaranteed residual values. Lease payments are allocated between the reduction of the lease liability and the lease interest expense for the period.

Leased assets are depreciated on a straight line basis over the shorter of their estimated useful lives or the lease term.

Lease payments for operating leases, where substantially all the risks and benefits remain with the lessor, are charged as expenses in the periods in which they are incurred.

Lease incentives under operating leases are recognised as a liability and amortised on a straight line basis over the life of the lease term.

### (o) Rates, Grants, Donations and Other Contributions

Rates, grants, donations and other contributions are recognised as revenues when the local government obtains control over the assets comprising the contributions. Control over assets acquired from rates is obtained at the commencement of the rating period or, where earlier, upon receipt of the rates.

Where contributions recognised as revenues during the reporting period were obtained on the condition that they be expended in a particular manner or used over a particular period, and those conditions were undischarged as at the reporting date, the nature of and amounts pertaining to those undischarged conditions are disclosed within the notes to this report.

### (p) Superannuation

The Council contributes to a number of superannuation funds on behalf of employees. All funds to which the Council contributes are defined contribution plans.

# 32. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## (q) Current and Non-Current Classification

In the determination of whether an asset or liability is current or non-current, consideration is given to the time when each asset or liability is expected to be settled. The asset or liability is classified as current if it is expected to be settled within the next 12 months, being the Council's operational cycle. In the case of liabilities where the Council does not have the unconditional right to defer settlement beyond 12 months, such as vested long service leave, the liability is classified as current even if not expected to be settled within the next 12 months. Inventories held for trading are classified as current even if not expected to be realised in the next 12 months except for land held for resale where it is held as non-current based on Council's intentions to release for sale.

### (r) Rounding Off Figures

All figures shown in this annual financial report, other than a rate in the dollar, are rounded to the nearest dollar.

## s) Comparative Figures

Where required, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform with changes in presentation for the current financial year.

### (t) Budget Comparative Figures

Unless otherwise stated, the budget comparative figures shown in this annual financial report relate to the original budget estimate for the relevant item of disclosure.

#### 32. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (u) New Accounting Standards and Interpretations for Application in Future Periods

Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations that have recently been issued or amended but are not yet effective have not been adopted by the Council for the annual reporting period ending 30 June 2012.

Council's assessment of these new and amended standards and interpretations is set out below:

	Title and Topic	Issued	Applicable (*)	Impact
(i)	AASB 9 – Financial Instruments	December 2009	01 January 2013	Nil – The objective of this Standard is to improve and simplify the approach for classification and measurement of financial assets compared with the requirements of AASB 139. Given the nature of the financial assets of the Council, it is not anticipated the standard will have any material effect.
(ii)	AASB 1053 - Application of Tiers of Australian Accounting Standards	June 2010	01 July 2013	Nil - Due to its nature and statutory requirements the Council will be deemed a Tier 1 entity and will continue to prepare general purpose financial statements.
(iii)	AASB 2009– 11 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 9 [AASB 1, 3, 4, 5, 7, 101, 102, 108, 112, 118, 121, 127, 128, 131, 132, 136, 139, 1023 & 1038 and Interpretations 10 & 12)	December 2009	01 January 2013	Nil – The revisions embodied in this standard give effect to the consequential changes arising from the issuance of AASB 9 which is not anticipated to have any material effect on the Council (refer (i) above).
(iv)	AASB 2010 - 2 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from Reduced Disclosure Requirements [AASB 1, 2, 3, 5, 7, 8, 101, 102, 107, 108, 110, 111, 112, 116, 117, 119, 121, 123, 124, 127, 128, 131, 133, 134, 136, 137, 138, 140, 141, 1050, & 1052 and Interpretations 2, 4, 5, 15, 17, 127, 129 & 1052]	June 2010	01 July 2013	Nil - None of these amendments will have any effect on the financial report as the standard does not apply in the case of general purpose financial statements.
(v)	AASB 2010 – 7 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 9 (December 2010) [AASB 1, 3, 4, 5, 7, 101, 102, 108, 112, 118, 120, 121, 127, 128, 131, 132, 136, 137, 139, 1023 & 1038 and Interpretations 2, 5, 10, 12,19 & 127]	December 2010	01 January 2013	Nil – The revisions embodied in this standard give effect to the consequential changes arising from the issuance of AASB 9 which is not anticipated to have any material effect on the Council (refer (i) above).
(vi)	AASB 2010 - 8 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Deferred Tax: Recovery of Underlying Assets [AASB 112]	December 2010	01 January 2012	Nil - None of these amendments will have any effect on the financial report as none of the topics are relevant to the operations of the Council.

#### 32. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(u) New Accounting Standards and Interpretations for Application in Future Periods

	Title and Topic	Issued	Applicable (*)	Impact
(vii)	AASB 2010 - 10 Further Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Removal of Fixed Dates for First-time Adopters [AASB 2009 - 11 & 2010 - 7]	December 2010	01 January 2013	Nil - None of these amendments will have any effect on the financial report as none of the topics are relevant to the operations of the Council.
	AASB 2011 - 2 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Arising from the Trans-Tasman Consequence Project - Reduced Disclosure Requirements. [AASB 101 & 1054]	May 2011	01 July 2013	
	AASB 2011 - 3 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Orderly Adoption of Changes to ABS GFS manual and related Amendments. [AASB 1049]	May 2011	01 July 2012	
	AASB 2011 - 6 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Extending Relief from Consolidation, the Equity Method and Proportionate Consolidation - Reduced Disclosure Requirements [AASB 127,128 & 131]	July 2011	01 July 2013	
(viii)	AASB 10 - Consolidated Financial Statements, AASB 11 - Joint Arrangements, AASB 12 - Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities, AASB 127 - Separate Financial Statements, AASB 128 - Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures, AASB 2011 - 7 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from the Consolidation and Joint Arrangement Standards	August 2011	01 January 2013	Nil - None of these, except for AASB 128 , are expected to have significant application to the operations of the Council. With respect to AASB 128, where the Council has an interest in a Joint Venture, the requirements of AASB 128 supercede those of the current Joint Venture Standard AASB 131. The new standard more clearly defines the accounting treatment and disclosure in relation to it. Due to the nature of the Joint Venture, it is not expected to have a significant impact on the Council.
	[AASB 1, 2, 3, 5, 7, 9, 2009-11, 101, 107, 112, 118, 121, 124, 132, 133, 136, 138, 139, 1023 & 1038 and Interpretations 5, 9, 16 & 17]			

#### 32. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(u) New Accounting Standards and Interpretations for Application in Future Periods

	Title and Topic	Issued	Applicable (*)	Impact
(ix)	AASB 13 - Fair Value Measurement, AASB 2011 - 8 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 13 [AASB 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 9, 2009-11, 2010-7, 101, 102, 108, 110, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 128, 131, 132, 133, 134, 136, 138, 139, 140, 141, 1004, 1023 & 1038 and Interpretations 2, 4, 12, 13, 14, 17, 19, 131 & 132]	September 2011	01 January 2013	AASB 13 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and requires disclosures about fair value measurements. AASB 13 requires inputs to all fair value measurements to be categorised in accordance with fair value hierarchy. AASB 13 also requires enhanced disclosures regarding all assets and liabilities (including, but not limited to, financial assets and financial liabilities) measured at fair value. AASB 13 will have particular relevance to the process of the Council adopting fair value methodology in relation to its fixed assets as mandated from 1 July 2012. Apart from the changes in value in relation to assets to be revalued (which are mandated by legislation and not changes to the standard) it is not expected to significantly impact the Council as the framework embodied in AASB 13 does not differ significantly from that which is present in existing standards. The amendments to the legislation requires the phasing in of fair value in relation to fixed assets over the three years from 1 July 2012. It is not possible to estimate the likely amount of any revaluations.
(x)	AASB 2011 - 9 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income [AASB 1, 5, 7, 101, 112, 120, 121, 132, 133, 134, 1039 & 1049]	September 2011	01 July 2013	The main change embodied in this standard is the requirement to group items presented in other comprehensive income on the basis of whether they are potentially reclassifiable to profit or loss subsequently. It effects presentation only and is not expected to significantly impact the Council.
(xi)	AASB 119 - Employee Benefits, AASB 2011 - 10 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 119 [AASB 1, 8, 101, 124, 134, 1049 & 2011-8 and Interpretation 14]	September 2011	01 January 2013	The changes in relation to defined benefit plans contained in this standard are not expected to significantly impact the Council nor are the changes to AASBs in relation to termination benefits.
(xii)	AASB 2011-11 Amendments to AASB 119 (September 2011) arising from Reduced Disclosure Requirements	September 2011	01 July 2013	Nil – None of these amendments will have any effect on the financial report as none of the topics are relevant to the operations of the Council.
	AASB 2011 – 12 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from Interpretation 20 [AASB 1]	November 2011	01 January 2013	
	AASB 2011 – 13 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Improvements to AASB 1049	December 2011	01 July 2012	
	Notes:			

(\*) Applicable to reporting periods commencing on or after the given date.

During the current year, the Council adopted all of the new and revised Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations which became mandatory

These new and revised standards were:

AASB 124 AASB 1054 AASB 2009 - 12 AASB 2009 - 14 AASB 2010 - 4 AASB 2010 - 6 AASB 2010 - 9 AASB 2010 - 9

The standards adopted had a minimal effect on the accounting and reporting practices of the Council as they were either largely editorial in nature, were revisions to help ensure consistency with presentation, recognition and measurement criteria of IFRSs or related to topics not relevant to operations.



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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE ELECTORS OF THE SHIRE OF MEEKATHARRA

# Report on the Financial Report

We have audited the accompanying financial report of Shire of Meekatharra, which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2012, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and the statement by the Chief Executive Officer.

Council Responsibility for the Financial Report

The Council of Meekatharra are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the Local Government Act 1995 Part 6. This responsibility includes such internal controls as the council determine are necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report to be free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying the appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

# Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards which require us to comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error.

In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Shire's preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Shire's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by council, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

### Independence

In conducting our audit, we have complied with the applicable independence requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board.



# Auditor's Opinion

In our opinion, the financial report of the Shire of Meekatharra;

- i. presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Shire of Meekatharra as at 30 June 2012, and of its performance and cash flows for the year ended ; and
- ii. Complies with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretation); and
- iii. Is prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Local Government Act 1995 Part 6 (as amended), and Regulations under that act.

# Statutory Compliance

I did not, during the course of my audit, become aware of any instances where the Shire of Meekatharra did not comply with the requirements of the Local Government Act 1995 and Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996 as they relate to the financial statements.

BDO Audit (WA) Pty Ltd

BDO

Chris Burton Director

Perth, Western Australia Dated this 7<sup>th</sup> day of December 2012